

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**1.1 Product identifier****Trade name:****MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651**

Mechanically applied gypsum plaster

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**Life cycle stages**

C/PW Consumer use / Widespread use by professional workers

Sector of Use

SU19 Building and construction work

Product category

PC9b Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay

Process category

PROC11 Non industrial spraying

PROC19 Manual activities involving hand contact

Environmental release category

ERC10a / ERC11a Widespread use of articles with low release

Article category

AC4 Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles

Application of the substance / the preparation

Plaster - Product for an industrial, technical and private use for mixing with water and subsequent processing on buildings. For all other uses is advised against/ not recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**Manufacturer/Supplier:**KREISEL - Technika Budowlana Sp. z o.o.
ul. Szarych Szeregów 23
60-462 Poznań
Poland

Tel. +48 61 846 79 00

Fax +48 61 846 79 09

sekretariat@kreisel.pl

www.kreisel.pl

Further information obtainable from:

Bartosz Polaczyk - Tel.: +48 510 022 908, +48 61 84 67 966, bartosz.polaczyk@kreisel.pl

On working days 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National poisons information centre: +44/(0)171 - 635 9191

National Health Service: 111

European emergency call: 112

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 1)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Additional information:

The classification in terms of skin and eye irritation is based on the results of animal studies, see section 16 literature [4], [11] and [12].

2.2 Label elements**Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms

GHS05

Signal word

Danger

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Calcium dihydroxide

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P315 Get immediate medical advice/attention.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in keeping with local and national regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

As soon as the dry mixture comes into contact with water or humidity, a strongly alkaline solution will be formed. Wet mortar may cause skin and eye irritation due to the high alkalinity. Especially with prolonged contact (e.g. knees in wet mortar) the risk of serious skin damage increases due to the alkalinity.

The part of respirable, cristaline siliciumdioxide amounts below 1%. The product ist no subject to a declaration obligation. However, the use of breathing protection is advisable.

Dust from the dry mixture can cause respiratory irritation. Frequent inhalation of large amounts of dust increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

(Contd. on page 3)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 2)

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT:

This substance/mixture contains no components classified as persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

vPvB:

This substance/mixture contains no components classified as very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

This substance/mixture does not contain components with endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in concentrations of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
3.1 Chemical characterization: Substances

This product is a mixture.

3.2 Mixtures
Description:

Mixture of inorganic binders, fillers and nonhazardous additions

Dangerous components:

CAS: 14808-60-7 EINECS: 238-878-4 REACH: ¹	Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS) Consisting of: 14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO ₂); 14464-46-1 Cristobalite; 15468-32-3 Tridymite Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	25 - 50%
CAS: 1317-65-3 EINECS: 215-279-6 REACH: ¹	Limestone (Calcium carbonate) Consisting of: 471-34-1 Calcium carbonate (> 90%); 16389-88-1 Calcium/Magesium carbonate (0 - 10%); 14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO ₂) (0 - 10%); 68476-25-5 Feldspar-group minerals (0 - 5%); 12001-26-2 Mica-group minerals (0 - 5%) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	10 - 25%
CAS: 1305-62-0 EINECS: 215-137-3 REACH: 01-2119475151-45	Calcium dihydroxide ☞ Eye Dam. 1, H318; ☞ Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limits: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: C ≥ 1 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 1 %	1 - 2.5%

Other components (>20%):

CAS: 7778-18-9 EINECS: 231-900-3 REACH: 01-2119444918-26	Calcium sulphate, various hydrates CaSO ₄ x (0 - 2) H ₂ O Consisting of: 14798-04-0 Calcium sulfate anhydrite; 10034-76-1 Calcium sulphate hemihydrate; 13397-24-5 Calcium sulphate hydrate; 10101-41-4 Calcium sulphate dihydrate	50 - < 100%
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Additional information:

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

¹ Not subject to registration in accordance with EC 1907/2006 Annex V (point 7) or Article 2.

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(Contd. on page 4)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 3)

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

First aid

General information:

For first responder no special personal protective equipment is required. First responder should avoid contact with the product.

After inhalation:

Remove dust source and provide fresh air or bring the person in fresh air. If discomfort, cough or persistent irritation, seek medical attention.

After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothes before reuse. Clean contaminated shoes before reuse. If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

After eye contact:

Do not rub eyes because additional damage to eyes can be caused by mechanical stress. If necessary, remove contact lenses and flush the eye immediately while holding eyelids open to water for at least 20 minutes. If possible, isotonic eyewash solution (e. g. 0,9% NaCl). Always consult an occupational physician or ophthalmologist.

After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting. If conscious rinse mouth with water and drink plenty of water. Consult a physician or poison control center.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are described in section 2 and 11.

Eye contact with the product may cause serious and potentially permanent damage.

The product in the dry state by prolonged contact can also have an irritant effect on moist skin. The contact with moist skin may cause skin irritation, dermatitis or other serious skin damage.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If a physician is to be consulted, as per possibility he should be presented this safety data sheet.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing agents:**

The mixture is flammable neither in the delivery condition nor in mixed conditions. Extinguisher and fire fighting are therefore adjusted to the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

This product is neither explosive nor flammable, and non-oxidizing with other materials. Inorganic dust can appear in case of fire. Avoid formation of dust. Reacts alkaline with water.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No special measures required. Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

GB

(Contd. on page 5)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 4)

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid formation of dust. Avoid inhalation, eye and skin contact. If appropriate, reference must be made to exposure controls and personal protection (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow product to reach water because an increase of pH may be caused. Ecotoxicological effects may occur when the pH-value is above 9. National regulations for waste water and groundwater are to be observed.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect spilled dry material dry and use if possible. Avoid formation of dust. For cleaning use at least industrial vacuum dust class M (DIN EN 60335-2-69). Do not dry sweep. Never use compressed air for cleaning. If, during a dry cleaning dust is formed, then it is necessary to use personal protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of emerging dust and contact with skin. Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

Let the mixed mortar solidify and dispose of (see section 13.1).

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Prevent formation of dust. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Wear protective clothing. Washing facilities / Water for cleaning eyes and skin should be available. Persons, who tend to skin diseases or other hypersensitivity reactions of the skin, should not handle the product. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

No special measures required.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Keep out of reach of children. Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles. Do not use light alloy receptacles.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Further information about storage conditions:

Protect from humidity and water.

Minimum storage life:

Minimum storage life (store dry, up to 20°C): See indication on package.

Storage class: 13

Classification according to the German Industrial Safety and Health Ordinance (BetrSichV): -

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No further relevant information available.

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(Contd. on page 6)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 5)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)

BOELV (EU)	Long-term value: 0.1* mg/m ³ *respirable fraction
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1317-65-3 Limestone (Calcium carbonate)

WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 10* 4** mg/m ³ *inhalable dust; **respirable
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1305-62-0 Calcium dihydroxide

WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 4* mg/m ³ Long-term value: 5 1* mg/m ³ *resprable fraction
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 4 mg/m ³ Long-term value: 1 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction

DNELs

7778-18-9 Calcium sulphate, various hydrates CaSO₄ x (0 - 2) H₂O

Oral	Long term exposure	1.25 mg/kg bw/d (Consumer)
	Short term exposure	11.4 mg/kg bw/d (Consumer)
Inhalative	Systemic - Long term exposure	5.29 mg/m ³ (Consumer)
		21.17 mg/m ³ (Employee)
	Systemic - Short term exposure	3,811 mg/m ³ (Consumer)
		5,082 mg/m ³ (Employee)

1305-62-0 Calcium dihydroxide

Inhalative	Systemic - Long term exposure	1 mg/m ³ (Consumer)
		1 mg/m ³ (Employee)
	Systemic - Short term exposure	4 mg/m ³ (Consumer)
		4 mg/m ³ (Employee)

PNECs

7778-18-9 Calcium sulphate, various hydrates CaSO₄ x (0 - 2) H₂O

Freshwater	mg/l (Not toxic)
Soil	mg/kg (Not toxic)
Sediments (Freshwater)	mg/kg (Not toxic)
Sewage plant	10 mg/l

Ingredients with biological limit values:

Void

Additional Occupational Exposure Limit Values for possible hazards during processing:

Components with general dust limit

MAK (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 4 a 10 e mg/m ³
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14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO₂)

BOELV (EU)	Long-term value: 0.1* mg/m ³ *respirable fraction
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14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)

BOELV (EU)	Long-term value: 0.1* mg/m ³ *respirable fraction
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(Contd. on page 7)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 6)

a - alveoles passing particles e - respirable particles (EN 481)

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1. Information about design of technical facilities

For reduction of the dust formation, closed systems (e. g. silo with conveyor) local exhaust or other engineering controls such as plastering machines or continuous mixers with special additional equipment for dust detection should be used.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and thoroughly clean it before using it again. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection. Ensure that washing facilities are available at the work place.

Respiratory protection:



Particle filtering half mask (FFP2 according to EN 149)

Compliance with the Occupational Exposure Limits is to be ensured through effective dust-technical measures, such as local exhaust ventilation. If there is a risk of exceeding the exposure limits, e. g. the open fiddling with the powdered dry product or during processing by splash, an appropriate respirator must be used.

Hand protection:



Hand protection: Chemical resistant protective gloves according EN ISO 374

Wear waterproof, abrasion and alkali-resistant protective gloves with CE marking. leather gloves are not suitable on the basis of their water permeability and can release chromate-containing compounds.

Material of gloves:

When preparing and processing the ready-mix, no chemical-resistant gloves (Cat. III) are necessary. Studies have shown that nitrilge-soaked cotton gloves (layer thickness about 0.15 mm) offer over a period of 480 min adequate protection. Change damp gloves. Keep gloves ready for change.

Penetration time of glove material:

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Polychloroprene (material thickness ≥ 0.5 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)
Nitrile rubber (material thickness ≥ 0.35 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)
Butyl rubber (material thickness ≥ 0.5 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)
Fluororubber (material thickness ≥ 0.4 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)
Neoprene (material thickness ≥ 0.5 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)

Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Non-liquid-tight gloves made of fabric, leather or similar materials.

(Contd. on page 8)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 7)

Eye/face protection:


In case of dust development or splash risk use tightly fitting safety goggles according to EN 166.

Body protection:


Wear closed long-sleeved clothing and tight shoes. If contact with fresh mortar is unavoidable, the protective clothing should also be waterproof. Make sure that no fresh mortar from above gets into the shoes or boots.

Risk management measures:

An operator training/guidance in the correct use of personal protective equipment is necessary to ensure the required level of effectiveness.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow product to reach water because an increase of pH may be caused. Ecotoxicological effects may occur when the pH-value is above 9. National regulations for waste water and groundwater are to be observed.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
General Information
Physical state

Solid

Appearance:
Form:

Powder

Colour:

Whitish

Odour:

Odourless

Odour threshold:

Not safety relevant

pH at 20 °C (68 °F)

9 - 11

Saturated aqueous solution

Change in condition
Melting point/freezing point:

> 1,300 °C (> 34.300 °F) (ISO 3016)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Not applicable

Flammability

Product is not flammable.

Flash point:

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature:

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature:
>100°C to CaSO₄ and H₂O>800°C to CaO and SO₃
Oxidising properties:

None

Explosive properties:

Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Ignition temperature:

Product is not selfigniting.

Density and/or relative density
Density:

Not determined

Bulk density:
820 - 1,100 kg/m³
Particle size
Particle characteristics

See section 3.

Solubility
Water:

Slightly soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Not determined

Solids content:

100.0 %

(Contd. on page 9)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 8)

9.2 Other information
Information with regard to physical hazard classes
Explosive substances / mixtures and articles

containing explosives	Void
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Flammable gases	Void
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Aerosols	Void
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Oxidising gases	Void
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Gases under pressure	Void
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Flammable liquids	Void
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Flammable solids	Void
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Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
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Pyrophoric liquids	Void
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Pyrophoric solids	Void
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Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void
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Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water	Void
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Oxidising liquids	Void
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Oxidising solids	Void
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Organic peroxides	Void
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Corrosive to metals	Void
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Desensitised explosives	Void
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity

Reacts alkaline with water. A proposed reaction takes place in contact with water, during which the product hardens and forms a solid mass, which does not react with the environment.

10.2 Chemical stability:

The product is stable as long as it is stored properly and dry.

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known (see 10.5).

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Prevent entry of water and moisture during storage (the mixture reacts with moisture alkaline and hardens).

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reacts exothermically with acids. The wet product is alkaline and reacts with acids, ammonium salts and base metals e.g. aluminum, zinc or brass. The reaction with base metals produces hydrogen.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Minimum storage life:

Minimum storage life (store dry, up to 20°C): See indication on package.

Additional information:

No further relevant information available.

GB

(Contd. on page 10)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 9)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product was not investigated. The statement is derived from the properties of the single components.

Acute toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

7778-18-9 Calcium sulphate, various hydrates $\text{CaSO}_4 \times (0 - 2) \text{H}_2\text{O}$

Oral	LD ₅₀	> 2,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Inhalative	LC ₅₀ (4h)	> 5 mg/l (Rat)

14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)

Oral	LD ₅₀	> 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal	LD ₅₀	> 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)

1317-65-3 Limestone (Calcium carbonate)

Oral	LD ₅₀	6,450 mg/kg (Rat) (RTECS Data)
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1305-62-0 Calcium dihydroxide

Oral	LD ₅₀	7,340 mg/kg (Rat) (OECD 425)
		> 2,500 mg/kg (Rabbit) (OECD 402)
Dermal	LD ₅₀	> 2,500 mg/kg (Rabbit) (OECD 402)

Other information (about experimental toxicology):

14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)

Irritation of skin	OECD 404	(Rabbit) not irritant
Irritation of eyes	OECD 405	(Rabbit) not irritant
Sensitisation	OECD 429	(Mouse) not sensitizing

Primary irritant effect:

On the skin:

Calcium dihydroxide is irritating to skin (in vivo, rabbit). As a result of studies of calcium dihydroxide is classified as irritating to skin (H315 - Causes skin irritation).

Causes skin irritation.

On the eye:

As a result of studies (in vivo, rabbit) calcium dihydroxide can cause serious eye damage (H318 - Causes serious eye damage).

Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitization:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(Contd. on page 11)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 10)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT SE):

Calcium dihydroxide is irritating to the respiratory tract (STOT SE 3 / H335 - May cause respiratory irritation).

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT RE):

Frequent inhalation of large amounts of dust increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Practical experience

No further relevant information available.

General comments

See section 16 (literature and references).

Subacute to chronic toxicity:

Can cause serious skin damages in conjunction with skin-humidity at long term exposure.

11.2 Information on other hazards
Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information
12.1 Toxicity

The product was not investigated. The statement is derived from the properties of the single components.

Aquatic toxicity:
7778-18-9 Calcium sulphate, various hydrates $\text{CaSO}_4 \times (0 - 2) \text{H}_2\text{O}$

LC ₅₀ (96h)	> 1,970 mg/l (Fish - pimephales promelas)
LC ₅₀ (48h)	> 1,910 mg/l (Water flea - ceriodaphnia dubia)
LC ₅₀ (96h Marine water)	> 79 mg/l (Fish - oryzias latipes) (OECD 203)
	LIMIT-Test
LC ₅₀ (96h Freshwater)	> 79 mg/l (Algae) (OECD 201)
	LIMIT-Test
EC ₅₀	> 790 mg/kg (Activated sludge organisms) (OECD 209)
EC ₅₀ (48h)	> 79 mg/l (Water flea - daphnia) (OECD 202)
	LIMIT-Test
EC ₅₀ (96h)	3,200 mg/l (Algae - navicula seminulum)
NOEC (21d)	360 mg/l (Water flea - daphnia magna)

1317-65-3 Limestone (Calcium carbonate)

LC ₅₀ (96h)	> 100 mg/l (Fish - oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 203)
LC ₅₀ (48h)	> 100 mg/l (Water flea - daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
EC ₅₀	> 14 mg/l (Algae - desmodesmus subspicatus) (OECD 201)
	> 1,000 mg/l (Activated sewage sludge) (OECD 209)

1305-62-0 Calcium dihydroxide

LC ₅₀ (96h Marine water)	457 mg/l (Fish)
	158 mg/l (Aquatic invertebrates)
LC ₅₀ (96h Freshwater)	33.884 mg/l (Fish - clarias gariepinus)
	50.6 mg/l (Fish)

(Contd. on page 12)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 11)

EC ₅₀ (48h)	49.1 mg/l (Aquatic invertebrates)
EC ₅₀ (72h)	184.57 mg/l (Algae)
NOEC (72h)	48 mg/l (Algae)
NOEC (14d)	32 mg/l (Aquatic invertebrates)
NOEC (21d)	1,080 mg/kg (General plants)
NOEC (96h)	56 mg/l (Fish - poecilia reticulata)
EC ₁₀ /LC ₁₀ (NOEC)	12,000 mg/kg (Soil microorganisms)
	2,000 mg/kg (Soil macroorganisms)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Anorganic product, is not removable from water by biological cleaning process

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not accumulate in organisms

12.4 Mobility in soil

Slightly soluble

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT:

This substance/mixture contains no components classified as persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

vPvB:

This substance/mixture contains no components classified as very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This substance/mixture does not contain components with endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in concentrations of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects
Literature

See section 16 (literature and references).

Ecotoxicological effects:

Only by increasing the pH value during application of large quantities.

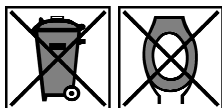
Behaviour in sewage processing plants:

No further relevant information available.

Additional ecological information:
General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
13.1 Waste treatment methods
Recommendation:


Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Gather dry, store in labeled containers and re-use if possible, taking into account the maximum storage time or mix residual amounts while avoiding any skin contact and exposure to dust with water. Moisture products or product slurry to harden and dispose of according to local regulatory

(Contd. on page 13)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 12)

regulations.

Risk of environmental pollution. Follow the applicable regulations on waste disposal. Keep unused products and contaminated packaging sealed. Provide containers for waste collection. Hand over for disposal to a specialist company authorised to carry out such activities. Prevent the product from being released into the environment. Do not allow the product to enter the sewage system. Must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers can be utilised for energy recovery in a waste incineration plant or, if classified accordingly, collected at a landfill site. Perfectly cleaned packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

European waste catalogue

16 03 04	Inorganic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 03
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01
15 01 01	Paper and cardboard packaging

16 03 04 for residual amounts of unprocessed product

17 08 02 for the water mixed and setted product

15 01 01 for the completely emptied packaging

Uncleaned packaging
Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Recycle only completely emptied packaging.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Class	Void
14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.5 Environmental hazards Marine pollutant:	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	Not applicable
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable
UN "Model Regulation":	Void

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(Contd. on page 14)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 13)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poisons Act

Regulated explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

Directive (EU) 2012/18

Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I :

None of the ingredients is listed.

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII :

Additional information on Entry 78

The product does not contain synthetic polymeric microplastics >0.01% according to EC 2055/2023.

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

(Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients are included.

Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

National regulations:

Waterhazard class:

Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): Slightly hazardous for water

Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations:

·Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (UK REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC

·Commission Regulation (EU) No 878/2020 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (UK REACH)

·Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

·Commission regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (UK REACH)

(Contd. on page 15)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 14)

·Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on shipments of waste

·Regulation (EC) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Reasons for changes:

* Data compared to the previous version altered.

Relevant phrases:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Advice for instructions:

Additional trainings, which go beyond the prescribed training in activities involving hazardous substances are not required.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation

The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Literature and the data sources:

[2] Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe „Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte“, 2009, GMBI Nr.29 S.605.

[3] MEASE 1.02.01 Exposure assessment tool for metals and inorganic substances, EBRC Consulting GmbH für Eurometaux, 2010

[4] Observations on the effects of skin irritation caused by cement, Kietzman et al, Dermatosen, 47, 5, 184-189 (1999).

[6] U.S. EPA, Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, 3rd ed. EPA/600/7-91/002, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, U.S. EPA, Cincinnati, OH (1994a).

[7] U.S. EPA, Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, 4th ed. EPA/600/4-90/027F, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, U.S. EPA, Cincinnati, OH (1993).

[8] Environmental Impact of Construction and Repair Materials on Surface and Ground Waters. Summary of Methodology, Laboratory Results, and Model Development. NCHRP report 448, National Academy Press, Washington, D.C., 2001.

[11] TNO report V8815/09, Evaluation of eye irritation potential of cement clinker G in vitro using the isolated chicken eye test, April 2010.

[12] TNO report V8815/10, Evaluation of eye irritation potential of cement clinker W in vitro using the isolated chicken eye test, April 2010.

[18] Anonymous, 2006: Tolerable upper intake levels for vitamins and minerals Scientific Committee on Food, European Food Safety Authority, ISBN: 92-9199-014-0 [SCF document]

[19] Anonymous, 2008: Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) for calcium oxide (CaO) and calcium dihydroxide (Ca(OH)₂), European Commission, DG Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities, SCOEL/SUM/137 February 2008

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(Contd. on page 16)

MASZYNOWY TYNK GIPSOWY 651

(Contd. of page 15)

Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

MAK: Maximale Arbeitsplatz-Konzentration (maximum concentration of a chemical substance in the workplace, Austria/Germany)

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic properties

vPvB: very persistent, bioaccumulative properties

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Further information:

The information in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and is based on our current state of our knowledge. They provide no assurance of product quality. Existing laws, ordinances and regulations, including those that are not mentioned in this data sheet must be observed by the recipient of our products in their own responsibility.