

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier**Trade name:**

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI-Code):

P9S4-10UN-J00J-73XR

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**Life cycle stages**

C/PW Consumer use / Widespread use by professional workers

Sector of Use

SU19 Building and construction work

Product category

PC9b Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay

Process category

PROC11 Non industrial spraying

PROC19 Manual activities involving hand contact

Environmental release category

ERC10a / ERC11a Widespread use of articles with low release

Article category

AC4 Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles

Application of the substance / the preparation

Adhesive and reinforcement mortar - Product for an industrial, technical and private use for mixing with water and subsequent processing on buildings. For all other uses is advised against/ not recommended.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**Manufacturer/Supplier:**

KREISEL - Technika Budowlana Sp. z o.o.
ul. Szarych Szeregów 23
60-462 Poznań
Poland

Tel. +48 61 846 79 00

Fax +48 61 846 79 09

sekretariat@kreisel.pl

www.kreisel.pl

Further information obtainable from:

Bartosz Polaczyk - Tel.: +48 510 022 908, +48 61 84 67 966, bartosz.polaczyk@kreisel.pl

On working days 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.

Emergency telephone number

National poisons information centre: +44/(0)171 - 635 9191

National Health Service: 111

European emergency call: 112

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 1)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Additional information:

The classification in terms of skin and eye irritation is based on the results of animal studies, see section 16 literature [4], [11] and [12].

Label elements

GHS label elements

The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

Hazard pictograms



GHS05 GHS07

Signal word

Danger

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Portland cement clinker

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
 P261 Avoid breathing dust.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
 P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P315 Get immediate medical advice/attention.
 P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container in keeping with local and national regulations.

Other hazards

As soon as the dry mixture comes into contact with water or humidity, a strongly alkaline solution will be formed. Wet mortar may cause skin and eye irritation due to the high alkalinity. Especially with prolonged contact (e.g. knees in wet mortar) the risk of serious skin damage increases due to the alkalinity.

(Contd. on page 3)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 2)

The part of respirable, cristaline siliciumdioxide amounts below 1%. The product ist no subject to a declaration obligation. However, the use of breathing protection is advisable.

Dust from the dry mixture can cause respiratory irritation. Frequent inhalation of large amounts of dust increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

The mixture is chromate reduced and therefore is no risk of sensitization by chromate. The ready to use form after addition of water contains in maximum 0,0002% of soluble chromium(VI) based on the dry weight of the cement. Proper dry storage and compliance with the maximum storage time is required for an effective chromate reduction.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**PBT:** Not applicable.**vPvB:** Not applicable.**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****Chemical characterization: Substances**

This product is a mixture.

Mixtures**Description:**

Mixture of inorganic binders, fillers and nonhazardous additions

Dangerous components:

| | | |
|---|--|-------------|
| CAS: 14808-60-7 EINECS: 238-878-4 REACH: ¹ | Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS) Consisting of: 14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO ₂); 14464-46-1 Cristobalite; 15468-32-3 Tridymite | 50 - < 100% |
| CAS: 65997-15-1 EINECS: 266-043-4 REACH: ¹ | Portland cement clinker Consisting of: 12168-85-3 Tricalcium silicate (45 - 70%); 10034-77-2 Dicalcium silicate (5 - 25%); 12042-78-3 Tricalcium aluminate (0 - 10%); 12612-16-7 Calcium aluminate ferrite (0 - 10%) --- ☠ Eye Dam. 1, H318; ☠ Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limits: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: C ≥ 1 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 1 % | 25 - 50% |

Additional information:

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

¹ Not subject to registration in accordance with EC 1907/2006 Annex V (point 7) or Article 2.**SECTION 4: First aid measures****Description of first aid measures**

First aid

General information:

For first responder no special personal protective equipment is required. First responder should avoid contact with the product.

(Contd. on page 4)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 3)

After inhalation:

Remove dust source and provide fresh air or bring the person in fresh air. If discomfort, cough or persistent irritation, seek medical attention.

After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothes before reuse. Clean contaminated shoes before reuse. If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

After eye contact:

Do not rub eyes because additional damage to eyes can be caused by mechanical stress. If necessary, remove contact lenses and flush the eye immediately while holding eyelids open to water for at least 20 minutes. If possible, isotonic eyewash solution (e. g. 0,9% NaCl). Always consult an occupational physician or ophthalmologist.

After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting. If conscious rinse mouth with water and drink plenty of water. Consult a physician or poison control center.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are described in section 2 and 11.

Eye contact with the product may cause serious and potentially permanent damage.

The product in the dry state by prolonged contact can also have an irritant effect on moist skin. The contact with moist skin may cause skin irritation, dermatitis or other serious skin damage.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If a physician is to be consulted, as per possibility he should be presented this safety data sheet.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing agents:**

The mixture is flammable neither in the delivery condition not in mixed conditions. Extinguisher and fire fighting are therefore adjusted to the surrounding fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

This product is neither explosive nor flammable, and non-oxidizing with other materials. Inorganic dust can appear in case of fire. Avoid formation of dust. Reacts alkaline with water.

Advice for firefighters

No special measures required. Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Avoid formation of dust. Avoid inhalation, eye and skin contact. If appropriate, reference must be made to exposure controls and personal protection (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Do not allow product to reach water because an increase of pH may be caused. Ecotoxicological effects may occur when the pH-value is above 9. National regulations for waste water and groundwater are to be observed.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect spilled dry material dry and use if possible. Avoid formation of dust. For cleaning use at least industrial vacuum dust class M (DIN EN 60335-2-69). Do not dry sweep. Never use compressed air for cleaning. If, during a dry cleaning dust is formed, then it is necessary to use personal protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of emerging dust and contact with skin. Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

(Contd. on page 5)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 4)

Let the mixed mortar solidify and dispose of (see section 13.1).

Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Prevent formation of dust. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Wear protective clothing. Washing facilities / Water for cleaning eyes and skin should be available. Persons, who tend to skin diseases or other hypersensitivity reactions of the skin, should not handle the product. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Do not use products after the specified storage period any more, because the effect of the reducing agent contained decreases and the content of soluble chromium (VI) may exceed those limits mentioned in section 2.3. In these cases may develop an allergic Chromate dermatitis with prolonged contact due to the water-soluble chromate contained in the product.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

No special measures required.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage:
Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Keep out of reach of children. Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles. Do not use light alloy receptacles.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Further information about storage conditions:

Store dry. Prevent ingress of water and moisture. Always keep in original container. Improper storage (ingress of moisture) or exceeding the maximum storage period, can subside the effect of contained chromate reducer (see section 7.1).

Minimum storage life:

Minimum storage life (store dry, up to 20°C): See indication on package.

Storage class: 13
Specific end use(s)

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters
Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)

| | |
|------------|---|
| BOELV (EU) | Long-term value: 0.1* mg/m ³ *respirable fraction |
|------------|---|

65997-15-1 Portland cement clinker

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| WEL (Great Britain) | Long-term value: 10* 4** mg/m ³ *inhalable dust **respirable dust |
|---------------------|---|

Ingredients with biological limit values:

Void

(Contd. on page 6)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 5)

Additional Occupational Exposure Limit Values for possible hazards during processing:
Components with general dust limit

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| MAK (Great Britain) | Long-term value: 4 a 10 e mg/m ³ |
|---------------------|---|

a - alveoles passing particles e - respirable particles (DIN EN 481)

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

Exposure controls
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and thoroughly clean it before using it again. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection. Ensure that washing facilities are available at the work place.

Respiratory protection:


Particle filtering half mask (FFP2 according to EN 149)

Compliance with the Occupational Exposure Limits is to be ensured through effective dust-technical measures, such as local exhaust ventilation. If there is a risk of exceeding the exposure limits, e. g. the open fiddling with the powdered dry product or during processing by splash, an appropriate respirator must be used.

Hand protection:


Hand protection: Chemical resistant protective gloves according EN ISO 374

Wear waterproof, abrasion and alkali-resistant protective gloves with CE marking. leather gloves are not suitable on the basis of their water permeability and can release chromate-containing compounds.

Material of gloves:

When preparing and processing the ready-mix, no chemical-resistant gloves (Cat. III) are necessary. Studies have shown that nitrilge-soaked cotton gloves (layer thickness about 0.15 mm) offer over a period of 480 min adequate protection. Change damp gloves. Keep gloves ready for change.

Penetration time of glove material:

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Polychloroprene (material thickness ≥ 0.5 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)

Nitrile rubber (material thickness ≥ 0.35 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)

Butyl rubber (material thickness ≥ 0.5 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)

Fluororubber (material thickness ≥ 0.4 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)

Neoprene (material thickness ≥ 0.5 mm ; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.)

Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Non-liquid-tight gloves made of fabric, leather or similar materials.

(Contd. on page 7)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 6)

Eye/face protection:

In case of dust development or splash risk use tightly fitting safety goggles according to EN 166.

Body protection:

Wear closed long-sleeved clothing and tight shoes. If contact with fresh mortar is unavoidable, the protective clothing should also be waterproof. Make sure that no fresh mortar from above gets into the shoes or boots.

Risk management measures:

An operator training/guidance in the correct use of personal protective equipment is necessary to ensure the required level of effectiveness.

Information about design of technical facilities

For reduction of the dust formation, closed systems (e. g. silo with conveyor) local exhaust or other engineering controls such as plastering machines or continuous mixers with special additional equipment for dust detection should be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow product to reach water because an increase of pH may be caused. Ecotoxicological effects may occur when the pH-value is above 9. National regulations for waste water and groundwater are to be observed.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties**General Information****Physical state**

Solid

Appearance:**Form:**

Powder

Colour:

Light grey

Odour:

Odourless

Odour threshold:

Not safety relevant

pH at 20 °C (68 °F)

> 11

Saturated aqueous solution

Change in condition**Melting point/freezing point:**

> 1,300 °C (> 34.300 °F) (ISO 3016)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Not applicable

Flammability

Product is not flammable.

Flash point:

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature:

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature:

Not determined

Oxidising properties:

None

Explosive properties:

Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Ignition temperature:

Product is not selfigniting.

Density and/or relative density**Density:**

Not determined

Bulk density:1,278 - 1,562 kg/m³**Particle size****Solubility****Water:**

Slightly soluble

Solids content:

100.0 %

(Contd. on page 8)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 7)

Solvent content:

| | |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Organic solvents: | < 0.0 % |
| VOC without water (EC): | < 0.02 g/l |
| VOC with water (EC): | < 0.02 g/l |
| VOC with water (EC): | < 0.002 % |

Other information**Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

| | |
|--|------|
| Explosives | Void |
| Flammable gases | Void |
| Aerosols | Void |
| Oxidising gases | Void |
| Gases under pressure | Void |
| Flammable liquids | Void |
| Flammable solids | Void |
| Self-reactive substances and mixtures | Void |
| Pyrophoric liquids | Void |
| Pyrophoric solids | Void |
| Self-heating substances and mixtures | Void |
| Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water | Void |
| Oxidising liquids | Void |
| Oxidising solids | Void |
| Organic peroxides | Void |
| Corrosive to metals | Void |
| Desensitised explosives | Void |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**Reactivity**

Reacts alkaline with water. A proposed reaction takes place in contact with water, during which the product hardens and forms a solid mass, which does not react with the environment.

Chemical stability:

The product is stable as long as it is stored properly and dry.

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known (see 10.5).

Conditions to avoid

Prevent entry of water and moisture during storage (the mixture reacts with moisture alkaline and hardens).

Incompatible materials

Reacts exothermically with acids. The wet product is alkaline and reacts with acids, ammonium salts and base metals e.g. aluminum, zinc or brass. The reaction with base metals produces hydrogen.

Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Minimum storage life:

Minimum storage life (store dry, up to 20°C): See indication on package.

(Contd. on page 9)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 8)

Additional information:

The mixture is chromate reduced. The ready for use preparation after addition of water contains in maximum 2 mg/kg dissolvable chrom(VI) related to the dry mass. Presupposition for the chromate reduction is the appropriate storage under consideration of the maximum storage life.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

The product was not investigated. The statement is derived from the properties of the single components.

Acute toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:**14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)**

| | | |
|--------|------------------|---------------------|
| Oral | LD ₅₀ | > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) |
| Dermal | LD ₅₀ | > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) |

65997-15-1 Portland cement clinker

| | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Oral | LD ₅₀ | > 2,000 mg/kg (Mouse) In animal studies with cement dust no acute toxicity was observed. On the basis of the available data, the classification criteria are not fulfilled. |
| Dermal | LD ₀ (no lethality) | > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) (Limit test 24h [4]) On the basis of the available data, the classification criteria are not fulfilled. |
| Inhalative | LD ₀ (no lethality) | 5 mg/m ³ (Rat) (Limit test [10]) On the basis of the available data, the classification criteria are not fulfilled. |

Other information (about experimental toxicology):**14808-60-7 Silicon dioxide (< 1% RCS)**

| | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Irritation of skin | OECD 404 (skin) | (Rabbit) not irritant |
| Irritation of eyes | OECD 405 (eye) | (Rabbit) not irritant |
| Sensitisation | OECD 429 (LLNA) | (Mouse) not sensitizing |

On the skin:

Cement has a skin and mucous irritant effect. Dry cement in contact with moist skin or skin in contact with moist or wet cement may lead to different irritant and inflammatory skin reactions, e. g. As redness and cracking. Prolonged contact in combination with abrasion can cause serious skin damage, see section 16 literature [4].
Causes skin irritation.

On the eye:

In the in vitro test showed Portland cement clinker varying degrees of impact on the cornea. The calculated "irritation index" is 128. Direct contact with cement may lead by mechanical reaction, irritation and inflammation to corneal damage. Direct contact with larger amounts of dry or wet cement may cause effects ranging from moderate eye irritation to serious eye damage and blindness, see Section 16 References [11] and [12].
Causes serious eye damage.

(Contd. on page 10)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 9)

Sensitization:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT SE):

Cement dust exposure may cause irritation of the respiratory system. Coughing, sneezing, and shortness of breath may be the result if exposure above the occupational exposure limit, see Section 16 References [1].

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT RE):

Long term exposure to respirable dust in excess of occupational exposure limit may result in coughing, shortness of breath and chronic obstructive changes in the respiratory tract. At low concentrations, no chronic effects were observed, see section 16 literature [17]. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Cement may aggravate existing skin disorders, eye and respiratory tract, e. g. with emphysema or asthma.

Frequent inhalation of large amounts of dust increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

Practical experience

No further relevant information available.

General comments

See section 16 (literature and references).

Subacute to chronic toxicity:

The contact with wet cement may cause skin eczema on some individuals. This can be triggered either by the pH (irritant contact dermatitis) or by immunological reaction of water soluble chromium(VI) (allergic contact dermatitis), see section 16 literature [5] and [13].

Information on other hazards**Endocrine disrupting properties**

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

The product was not investigated. The statement is derived from the properties of the single components.

Aquatic toxicity:**65997-15-1 Portland cement clinker**

| | |
|------------------|--|
| LC ₅₀ | mg/l (Water flea - daphnia magna) (low effect [6,8]) |
| | mg/l (Algae - selenastrum coli) (low effect [7,8]) |
| | mg/l (Sediments) (low effect [9]) |

Persistence and degradability

Anorganic product, is not removable from water by biological cleaning process

Bioaccumulative potential

Does not accumulate in organisms

Mobility in soil

Slightly soluble

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

(Contd. on page 11)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 10)

Other adverse effects

No further relevant information available.

Literature

See section 16 (literature and references).

Ecotoxicological effects:

Only by increasing the pH value during application of large quantities.

Behaviour in sewage processing plants:

No further relevant information available.

Remark:

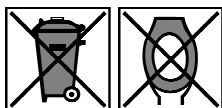
Ecotoxicological tests with Portland cement on *Daphnia magna* (US EPA, 1994a, see Section 16 References [6]) and *Selenastrum Coli* (US EPA, 1993, see section 16 literature [7]) have shown little toxicological effect. Therefore, the LC50 and EC50 values could not be determined, see section 16 literature [8]. There were also no toxic effects on sediments are found, see section 16 literature [9]. The addition of large quantities of cement in water can cause a pH increase and thus be toxic to aquatic life under special circumstances.

Additional ecological information:**General notes:**

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods**Recommendation:**

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Gather dry, store in labeled containers and re-use if possible, taking into account the maximum storage time or mix residual amounts while avoiding any skin contact and exposure to dust with water. Moisture products or product slurry to harden and dispose of according to local regulatory regulations.

Risk of environmental pollution. Follow the applicable regulations on waste disposal. Keep unused products and contaminated packaging sealed. Provide containers for waste collection. Hand over for disposal to a specialist company authorised to carry out such activities. Prevent the product from being released into the environment. Do not allow the product to enter the sewage system. Must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers can be utilised for energy recovery in a waste incineration plant or, if classified accordingly, collected at a landfill site. Perfectly cleaned packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

European waste catalogue

| | |
|-----------|--|
| 16 03 03* | Inorganic wastes containing hazardous substances |
| 17 09 04 | Mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03 |
| 15 01 01 | Paper and cardboard packaging |
| HP4 | Irritant - skin irritation and eye damage |
| HP5 | Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity |

(Contd. on page 12)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 11)

| | |
|------|-------------|
| HP13 | Sensitising |
|------|-------------|

16 03 03 for residual amounts of unprocessed product
17 09 04 for the water mixed and settled product
15 01 01 for the completely emptied packaging

Uncleaned packaging**Recommendation:**

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
Recycle only completely emptied packaging.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | |
|---|------|
| UN number or ID number ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA | Void |
|---|------|

| | |
|--|------|
| UN proper shipping name ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA | Void |
|--|------|

| | |
|--|------|
| Transport hazard class(es) ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Class | Void |
|--|------|

| | |
|---|------|
| Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA | Void |
|---|------|

| | |
|---|----|
| Environmental hazards Marine pollutant: | No |
|---|----|

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Special precautions for user | Not applicable |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Not applicable |
|--|----------------|

| | |
|-------------------------------|------|
| UN "Model Regulation": | Void |
|-------------------------------|------|

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poisons Act

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|--|
| Regulated explosives precursors |
|--|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
|------------------------------------|

| |
|--------------------------|
| Regulated poisons |
|--------------------------|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
|------------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Reportable explosives precursors |
|---|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
|------------------------------------|

| |
|---------------------------|
| Reportable poisons |
|---------------------------|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
|------------------------------------|

GHS label elements

The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

(Contd. on page 13)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 12)

Hazard pictograms

GHS05 GHS07

Signal word Danger**Hazard-determining components of labelling:**

Portland cement clinker

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P315 Get immediate medical advice/attention.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in keeping with local and national regulations.

Directive (EU) 2012/18**Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I :**

None of the ingredients is listed.

Biozide ingredients (528/2012/EG):

Data based on recipe and information on the raw materials from the supply chain.

None of the ingredients is listed.

Classification according 2004/42/EG: Not applicable.**Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations:**

·Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (UK REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC

·Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (UK REACH)

·Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

·Regulation (EC) 1013/2006 on shipments of waste

(Contd. on page 14)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 13)

Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information
Reasons for changes:

* Data compared to the previous version altered.

Relevant phrases:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Advice for instructions:

Additional trainings, which go beyond the prescribed training in activities involving hazardous substances are not required.

Literature and the data sources:

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(Contd. on page 15)

STYRLEP 220 EXTRA

(Contd. of page 14)

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Department issuing MSDS:

Product safety department (+43/(0)5522-41646-0 / klaus.ritter@fixit-gruppe.com)

Contact:

Dr. Klaus Ritter

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Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

MAK: Maximale Arbeitsplatz-Konzentration (maximum concentration of a chemical substance in the workplace, Austria/Germany)

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic properties

vPvB: very persistent, bioaccumulative properties

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Further information:

The information in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and is based on our current state of our knowledge. They provide no assurance of product quality. Existing laws, ordinances and regulations, including those that are not mentioned in this data sheet must be observed by the recipient of our products in their own responsibility.